



PRONTO® Niemann-Pick INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

For the detection of the following four mutations:

L302P, fsP330, R496L (Niemann-Pick Type A) and R608del (Niemann-Pick Type B) in the SMPD1 gene



(9) INTENDED USE

The PRONTO® Niemann-Pick kit is a Single Nucleotide Primer Extension ELISA Assay, intended for the qualitative *in vitro* detection of the following four mutations: L302P, fsP330, R496L and R608del in the SMPD1 gene, in amplified human DNA.

For in vitro diagnostic use.

BACKGROUND

Similar to some ethnic populations, the Ashkenazi Jewish population has a higher prevalence of certain genetic disorders. These diseases are inherited in an autosomal recessive pattern. Affected individuals have inherited two copies of the mutated gene, one from each parent.

The following table shows the carrier frequency in the Ashkenazi Jewish population and the detection rate of the conditions tested by the $PRONTO^{\$}$ Niemann-PickTM kit panel.

Disease	Mutation	Carrier Frequency	Disease Frequency	Detection Rate
Niemann-Pick Types A+B	L302P R496L fsP330 ΔR608	1/80	1/25,600	95%

SEFERENCES

- Schuchman E. et al., Niemann-Pick Disease: Mutation Update, Genotype / Phenotype Correlations, and Prospects for Genetic Testing. Genet. Test. V1(1) P.13-19 (1997).
- Levran O. et al., Type A Niemann-Pick Disease: A Frameshift Mutation in the Acid Sphingomyelinase Gene (fsP330) Occurs in Ashkenazi Jewish Patients. *Human Mutations* 2:317-319. (1993).

MC9961 10.EN.03 Page 2 of 16

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- Reagents supplied within this kit contain up to 0.1% sodium azide that is very toxic if swallowed. Sodium azide has been reported to form explosive lead or copper azides in laboratory plumbing. To prevent the accumulation of these compounds, flush sink and plumbing with large quantities of water.
- TMB Substrate solution is an irritant material to skin and mucous membranes. Avoid direct contact.
- The Stop Solution contains dilute sulfuric acid (1M), which is an irritant of the eyes and the skin. In case of contact with eyes, immediately flush them with water. Do not add water into this product. In case of an accident or discomfort consult a physician (if possible, present the label).
- In addition to reagents in this kit, the user may come in contact with other harmful chemicals that are not provided, such as ethidium bromide and EDTA. The appropriate manufacturers Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) should be consulted prior to the use of these compounds.

ASSAY OVERVIEW

The PRONTO[®] procedure detects pre-defined polymorphisms in DNA sequences, using a *single nucleotide primer-extension* assay.

Two steps are carried out prior to the use of this PRONTO® kit:

- Target DNA Amplification: The DNA fragments that encompass the tested mutations are amplified. This amplified DNA is the substrate for the primer extension reaction.
- Post-Amplification Treatment: The amplified DNA is treated to inactivate free unincorporated nucleotides, so that they will not interfere with the primer extension reaction.
- 3. Primer Extension Reaction: carried out in a 96-well thermoplate. Each well contains a 5'-labeled primer that hybridizes to the tested DNA next to the suspected mutation site, and a single biotinylated nucleotide species (corresponding to mutant or wild type), which complements the nucleotide base at the tested site. Each post-amplification treated sample is tested in two wells per mutation: the first well of each pair tests for the presence of the mutant allele (mut), while the second well tests for the presence of the

normal allele (*wt*). The biotinylated nucleotide will be incorporated in the primer in the course of the reaction or not added, depending on the tested individual's genotype.

- **4. Detection by ELISA:** Detection of reaction products is carried out by an ELISA procedure: The biotin-labeled primers bind to a streptavidin-coated ELISA plate and are detected by a peroxidase-labeled antibody conjugate (HRP) directed to the 5' antigenic moiety of the primer. A peroxidase reaction occurs in the presence of the TMB-substrate.
- **5. Interpretation of the Results:** The results are determined either visually (substrate remains clear or turns blue) or colorimetrically (substrate color remains clear or turns yellow) following the addition of the stop solution.

DISCLAIMER

- Results obtained using this kit should be confirmed by an alternative method.
- Confirmed results should be used and interpreted only in the context of the overall clinical picture. The manufacturer is not responsible for any clinical decisions that are taken.

The user of this kit should emphasize these points when reporting results to the diagnosing clinician or the genetic counselor.

MATERIALS PROVIDED

2 GeneScreen [™] Amplification Mix1	vial (clear cap)	(13 µL)
PRONTO® Buffer 2 1	bottle	(3 mL)
Solution C1	vial (yellow cap)	$(130 \mu L)$
Solution D1	vial (red cap)	(100 µL)
ColoRed™-Oil1	dropper bottle	(13 mL)
Assay Solution1	bottle (green solution)	(100 mL)
Wash Solution (conc. 20x) 1	bottle	(100 mL)
Conjugated HRP1	vial	(450 µL)
TMB - Substrate1	bottle	(40 mL)
Stop Solution (1M H ₂ SO ₄) 1	bottle	(30 mL)
Detection Plates3	Streptavidin-coated pla	ates
PRONTO® Niemann-Pick Plates 3	individually pouched pl	ates

STORAGE AND STABILITY

- Store at 2-8°C. Do not freeze.
- Do not use the kit beyond its expiration date (marked on box label). Stability is maintained even when components are re-opened several times.
- Minimize the time reagents spend at room temperature.
- This kit has been calibrated and tested as a unit; do not mix reagents from kits with different lot numbers.

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS REQUIRED

- Taq DNA polymerase
- Deionized water (about two liters)
- Thermowell plate or tubes (thin walled) for the post-amplification treatment
- Sterile pipette tips
- Troughs/reagent reservoirs for use with the detection reagents
- Thermocycler for a 96-well microplate
- Multichannel pipettes (5-50 μL and 50-200 μL)
- Positive displacement pipettes (1-5 μL, 5-50 μL, 50-200 μL, 200-1,000 μL)
- Filtered tips
- ELISA reader with a 450 nm filter (optional 620 nm filter)
- Polaroid camera and color film to record results (optional)

- Automated microtiter plate washer or a wash bottle
- Vortex mixer
- Timer

ASSAY PROCEDURE

1 DNA AMPLIFICATION

- Dispense 2 µL template DNA (from an initial concentration of about 150 ng/µL) to a thermoplate well or tube.
- 2. Prepare a Master Mix in a sterile vial, according to the volumes indicated in the table below, plus one spare reaction volume. Add the Taq DNA polymerase to the Master Mix shortly before dispensing the Mix. Gently mix by pipetting in and out several times.

PCR Master mix

Solution	Volume for one sample	
Amplification Mix 2 GeneScreen™	13.0 µL	
Taq DNA polymerase (5 u/μL)	0.5 μL	

The following Taq DNA polymerases (lacking $3' \rightarrow 5'$ exonuclease activity), were validated for use with this procedure:

•	BioLine	Cat. # M95801B
•	Perkin Elmer	Cat. # M801-0060
•	Pharmacia	Cat. # 27-0799
•	ProMega	Cat. # M-1661
•	Roche	Cat. # 1-146-165
•	Sigma	Cat. # D-1806

- 3. Dispense 13.5 µL Master Mix to each well or tube.
- **4.** Add one drop of ColoRed™ oil to each well. Do not touch the wells with the tip of the oil bottle. Even when using a thermocycler with a hot lid, it is recommended to use oil.

5. Place the thermoplate well or tube in a thermocycler previously programmed with the following protocol:

Cycling protocol

٠,٠	mig protot	, o.	
1.	94°C	5 minutes	
2. 3. 4.	94°C 60°C 72°C	30 seconds 60 seconds 60 seconds	10 cycles
5. 6. 7.	94°C 55°C 72°C	30 seconds 30 seconds 45 seconds	25 cycles
8.	72°C	2 minutes	

6. To verify amplification, **subject** 5 μ L of the amplified product to electrophoresis in a 2% agarose gel.

Sizes of amplified fragments:

Gene	Mutations	Fragment size	
MCOLN1	Del(ex 1-7)	250 bp	
	IVS3-2A→G	386 bp	
SMPD1	L302P	E1E bp	
	fsP330	515 bp	
	R496L	604 hm	
	R608del	601 bp	

Limitation of the test:

Different Taq DNA polymerases and thermocyclers may influence the amplification yield dramatically. It is recommended to use a validated Taq DNA polymerase and a calibrated thermocycler.

2 POST-AMPLIFICATION TREATMENT

1 **Prepare** a post-amplification treatment mix shortly before use. Combine in a single test tube the volumes appearing in the following table, multiplied by the number of tested samples, plus one spare volume.

Post-Amplification Mix

Solution	Volume for one sample
PRONTO® Buffer 2	90.0 μL
Solution C	4.0 μL
Solution D	3.0 μL

- **2 Mix** gently by pipetting this solution in and out five times. Do not vortex.
- 3 Add 97 μL of the Post Amplification mix into each well or tube containing 10 μL of each amplified DNA sample.
 - Ensure that the solution you add becomes well mixed with the DNA sample by pipetting.
- **4** Add one drop of ColoRed™ oil to each tube. Do not touch the tube with the tip of the oil bottle. Even when using a thermocycler with a hot lid, it is essential to use oil.
- **5 Incubate** for 30 minutes at 37°C, then for 10 minutes at 95°C in a thermocycler.

If not used immediately, the treated sample can be kept at 2-8°C for a maximum of four hours.

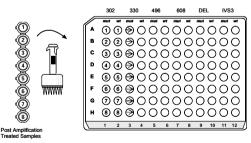
3 PRIMER EXTENSION REACTION

1 Program the thermocycler as follows:

Cycle		Temperature	Time	
Start:		94°C	15 sec.	
20 cycles:	{	94°C 63°C	30 sec.	
		63°C	20 sec.	
End:		18-25°C - Cool down to room temperature		

- **Take** a PRONTO[®] Plate out of its pouch. Notice the color at the bottom of the wells. For each mutation tested, use a pink well (*mut*) and a blue well (*wt*). Mark the plate with the ID numbers of your test.
 - If you intend to use less than a full plate, you can cut the plate and return the unused portion to the pouch. If you do this, seal the pouch immediately with its desiccant card inside.
- 3 **Dispense** 8 µL of Post Amplification Treated DNA into the first twelve wells in row A (see Fig. 1). Continue with the remaining samples. It is possible to transfer up to eight samples simultaneously using a multichannel pipette. Ensure that the solution is at the bottom of each well by inspecting the plate from below. Be sure that the well does not contain air bubbles.

Figure 1: Scheme for Dispensing Post-Amplification-Treated DNA Samples into the PRONTO Niemann-Pick™ Plate.



Recommendation:

Use a new set of tips for each column. Alternatively use the same set of tips, but do not touch the bottom of the wells

- **4 Tilt** the plate and add one drop of ColoRed™ Oil to each well. Do not touch the well with the tip of the oil bottle. Even when using a thermocycler with a hot lid. it is essential to use oil.
- **Turn on** the thermocycler and start the cycling protocol. Insert the plate when the temperature has reached 90° C.
- **6** When the thermal cycling is complete, you can proceed to the ELISA assay, or store the reaction products in the refrigerator and carry out the visualization steps within 24 hours.

2 4ELISA ASSAY - COLOR DEVELOPMENT

The ELISA assay consists of the following steps:

- Binding the biotin-labeled extended primers to the Streptavidin-coated plate.
- 2. **Washing** away unbound primers.
- 3. **Incubating** with the HRP conjugate.
- 4. **Washing** away unbound conjugate.
- Incubating with the TMB Substrate (color development).

The results of this assay can be determined in one of two ways:

a Visually: by monitoring the development of the blue color.

or

Colorimetrically: by adding Stop Solution and measuring the absorbance using an ELISA reader at a wavelength of 450 nm (yellow color).



Before proceeding with the ELISA assay make your choice of visual or colorimetric determination of results.

PREPARATIONS

- All components used in the detection step should reach room temperature before starting the assay.
- Dilute the 20x Wash Solution to 1x with deionized water Diluted solution may be kept at 18-25°C for up to one month.
- Peel off the plastic cover of the Detection Plate. Mark the side of the plate with the kit name and test number.

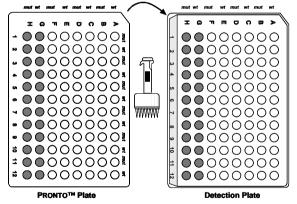
Place the PRONTO[®] Plate and the Detection Plate side by side, oriented in the same direction (see Fig. 2).

TRANSFER TO THE DETECTION PLATE

- Fill a reagent reservoir / trough with the green colored Assay Solution. About 11 mL will be required for a 96-well plate.
- 2. Add 100 µL of Assay Solution to the bottom of each well in column 1 of the PRONTO® Plate with a multichannel pipette. Gently mix by pipetting in and out 3-4 times.
- 3. Without changing tips, transfer 100 μL from each well in this column to the first column in the Detection Plate (see Fig. 2).

 Ensure that the solution at the bottom of all wells of the PRONTO[®] plate has turned green by inspecting them from below.

Figure 2: Transferring the Primer Extension Products from the PRONTO[®] Plate to Detection Plate.



- **4. Repeat** this procedure, using a new set of tips for each column. It is essential to maintain the order of the samples.
 - Note: 10 μ L of oil carried over or 10 μ L of the sample left behind will not affect the detection process significantly.
- 5. **Incubate** for 10 minutes at room temperature (18-25°C).

DETECTION BY ELISA

Pr	ocedure (continuation)	Visual Detection (Blue color)	Colorimetric Detection (Yellow color)
6.	While the incubation of Assay Solution is taking		
	place, dilute the Conjugated HRP in Assay	Dilution: 1:100	Dilution: 1:250
	Solution.	(110 μL of	(44 µL of
	For every detection plate used (96-well), about	conjugated HRP	conjugated HRP
	11 mL of diluted conjugate is required.	into 11 mL	into 11 mL
	This solution should be freshly prepared	Assay Solution)	Assay Solution)
	each time the test is run.		
7.	Empty the plate and wash four times with 350		
	μL 1x Wash Solution. Ensure that the plate is dry	\checkmark	√
	after the last wash step.		
8.	Add 100 μL of freshly diluted conjugated HRP to	ما	V
	all the wells, with a multichannel pipette.	V	V
9.	Incubate at room temperature.	10 minutes	10 minutes
10.	Wash the plate as in step 7.	V	V
11.	Add 100 µL TMB-Substrate to each well with a multichannel pipette and incubate at room temperature (18-25°C) until blue color appears	15 minutes	15 minutes
12.	Add 100 μL of Stop Solution to each well with a multichannel pipette. The solution will turn yellow immediately.	_	٧
13.	The results can be documented using a Polaroid camera with color film (for example - Fuji FP-100C), or by reading the absorbance using an ELISA reader (signal wavelength setting).	O.D. 620 nm	_
14.	Within two hours read the absorbance using an ELISA reader (single wavelength setting).	_	O.D. 450 nm

VALIDATION OF THE RESULTS

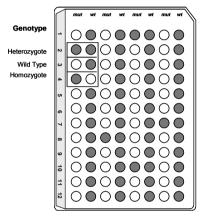
For Visual Detection:

For every mutation site tested, at least one of the wells should develop a deep blue color. Otherwise, results are invalid for the relevant mutation (Fig. 3).

For Colorimetric Detection:

For every mutation site tested, at least one of the two wells should yield an O.D. > 0.50.

Figure 3: Visual Interpretation of Genotypes



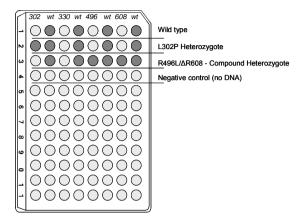
INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

Important: Positive results (corresponding to a heterozygote or homozygote genotype) should be confirmed by re-testing the sample. It is recommended to repeat the test with newly extracted DNA.

Criteria for Visual Interpretation

A deep blue color indicates positive signal, while negative signals appear as a clear to pale blue well (Fig. 4).

Figure 4: Examples of genotype assignment according to visual inspection of test results



Criteria for Colorimetric Interpretation (O.D. 450) of Results

The genotype of each sample is determined according to two criteria:

- The O.D. values of the *mut* and *wt* wells.
- The ratio of *mut/wt* O.D. values.

Calculate the *mut/wt* ratios by dividing the signal of the *mut* well by the signal of the *wt* well.

Identify the correct genotype of each mutation using the table below:

Genotype	<i>mut</i> well	wt well	mut/wt ratio
Normal	O.D. <u><</u> 0.35	O.D. ≥ 0.5	ratio <u><</u> 0.5
Heterozygote	O.D. <u>≥</u> 0.5	O.D. <u>≥</u> 0.5	0.5 <u><</u> ratio <u><</u> 2.0
Homozygote	O.D. <u>≥</u> 0.5	O.D. <u><</u> 0.35	ratio >2.0

Y

Samples with values not included in the above table are considered indeterminate and should be retested.

Niemann Pick - PROCEDURE SUMMARY

DNA EXTRACTION: from human whole blood, using a validated method.

DNA AMPLIFICATION:

Volumes per reaction: 2 μ L Template DNA + 13.0 μ L Amplification Mix + 0.5 μ L Taq

Polymerase

Cycling protocol: 94°C 5 min→10 cycles of {94°C 30 sec. / 60°C 60 sec./ 72°C 60 sec.}

 \rightarrow 25 cycles of {94°C 30 sec. / 55°C 30 sec. / 72°C 45 sec.} \rightarrow 72°C 2 min.

POST-AMPLIFICATION PROCEDURE:

■ Volumes per reaction: PRONTO® Buffer 2 90.0 μL Solution C 4.0 μL Solution D 3.0 μL

..

Pipette in and out to mix.

- Add 97 µL into each well containing 10 µL amplified product, mix well.
- Add one drop of ColoRed™ oil.
- Incubate 30 minutes at 37° C, then 10 minutes at 95° C.

PRIMER EXTENSION REACTION:

- **Dispense** 8 µL of each post-amplification treated DNA into twelve wells of the PRONTO® Plate.
- Add one drop of ColoRed™ oil.
- Start the cycling protocol:
- 94°C 15 sec→20 cycles of {94°C 30 sec. / 63°C 20 sec.} → Cool.

Insert the PRONTO® Plate in the thermocycler when the temperature is 90°C

DETECTION:

- Add 100 µL Assay Solution to each well in the PRONTO® Plate and mix.
- Transfer 100 µL from each well of the PRONTO® Plate to the identical position in the Detection Plate. Incubate 10 minutes at RT.
- Empty the wells and wash four times with 350 µL of 1x Wash Solution.

	Visual Detection	Colorimetric Detection
Add 100 µL of Conjugated HRP to every well and incubate for 10 minutes at RT.	Dilution 1:100	Dilution 1:250
Empty the wells and wash four times with 350 μ L of 1x Wash Solution.	✓	✓
Add 100 µL of TMB Substrate to each well and incubate at RT for:	15 minutes	15 minutes
Add Stop Solution	_	100 μL per well
Read O.D. at:	620 nm	450 nm

For troubleshooting guide, please refer to our website: www.prontodiagnostics.com

PRONTO is a Registered Trademark.

2 GENESCREEN and COLORED are Trademarks of Pronto Diagnostics.

Copyright © 2005 Pronto Diagnostics Ltd.

The PRONTO[®] Technology is covered by US patent 5,710,028, by European patent 0648222 and by corresponding national patents.

Produced by Pronto Diagnostics Ltd.

Kiryat Atidim Building 3, 3rd floor POB 58129 Tel Aviv 6158002 Israel

Tel: +972.73.2126155

Fax: +972.73.2126144

Customer Service: E-Mail: info@prontodiagnostics.com

Authorized EU Representative:

MedNet GmbH,

Borkstrasse 10, 48163 Münster,

Germany

Tel: +49.251.32266-0 Fax: +49.251.32266-22

MC9961 10.EN.03